

Product Name Clear Developer 10V
Date: 10/19/2018

SECTION 1 **IDENTIFICATION**

Supplier: Divina Professional Products
55 Container Drive
Terryville, Ct 06786
(860) 589-7502

Distributor:

U.S. PERS Emergency Telephone: 1-800-633-8253
Product Name: **Clear Developer 10V**
Synonyms: Hydrogen Peroxide Solution Albone, Hydrogen Dioxide, Perhydrol, Superoxol, Perone
Chemical Name: Hydrogen Peroxide
Chemical Formula: H₂O₂
CAS Number: 7722-84-1

SECTION 2 **HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS**

**Emergency Overview
Warning**



GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

H319: Eye irritation (Category 2A)

Hazard Statement(s)

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statement(s)

P210: Keep away from heat.
P220: Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.
P221: Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P261: Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P321: Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on this label). P312:
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+378: In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

SECTION 3 **COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	2.85-3.15%

SECTION 4 **FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

Inhalation: If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician/ and or Poison Control Center if person feels unwell.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. In cases where discomfort persists and/or medical attention is sought, do not use hair color products again until the specific nature of the skin irritation and the causative agent has been identified by a dermatologist and appropriate medical attention is provided.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes and consult a physician. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 20 minutes or until material is sufficiently removed from the eye. If eye irritation persists consult a physician.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with plenty of water. Consult a physician.

Notes to Physician: Treat Symptomatically. Hydrogen Peroxide decomposes rapidly in contact with organic matter and oxygen.

SECTION 5 **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Extinguishing Media: Chemical foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO₂), or water spray. Selection of a fire extinguisher should be appropriate to address the location of the fire and other materials involved.

Firefighting: Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

General Fire Hazards/Hazardous Combustible Products: Upon decomposition, material yields oxygen and may increase the burning rate of flammable/combustible materials. Extinguish fires with media appropriate for the burning material. Thermal degradation may produce oxides of carbon and/or nitrogen, hydrocarbons and/or derivatives. Decomposition will release oxygen which may intensify fires.

Fire Incompatibility: Avoid contact with organic materials / compounds, particularly finely divided combustible materials as ignition may result. Violent catalytic decomposition will occur in contact with certain metals such as iron, copper, chromium, brass, bronze, lead, silver, manganese or their salts.

SECTION 6 **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Minor Spills: Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. Remove all ignition sources. Prohibit discharge to drains, soil, surface and ground waters. Dispose in accordance with Section 13 of this document.

Major Spills

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Increase ventilation.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water and water courses. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Collect recoverable product into labeled containers for recycling. DO NOT return unused product to containers. Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect residues and place in labeled plastic containers with vented lids. Wash spill area with large quantities of water. After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Procedure For Handling: Avoid generating and breathing mist. Handle and open container with care. Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained. Use good occupational work practice. Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations. Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. DO NOT return unused product to containers. Avoid sources of heat. Mild steel, brass, bronze and copper equipment should not be used. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Recommended Storage Methods: Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Container to have vented cap. Properly passivated aluminum or stainless steel containers. Porcelain, vitreous stoneware.

Storage Requirements: Keep cool. Store below 25°C. Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations. Store in original containers and Store under cover. No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area. Store in a cool area and away from sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials. DO NOT use mild steel or galvanized containers. Store in an upright position Protect containers against physical damage. Check regularly for spills and leaks.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control Parameters	Basis
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	TWA	1 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Eye, skin, & Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.		
		TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) – Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
		TWA	1ppm 1.4 mg/m3	USA. OSHA – TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants – 1910.1000

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection (Non-Emergency): None required for product use. For handling large quantities of material, safety glasses with side shields/goggles are recommended.

Skin Protection (Non-Emergency): None required for product use. For handling large quantities of material, such as in product manufacturing, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or Viton gloves should be considered for use. Tyvek clothing may also be suitable for handling large quantities of material in the manufacturing environment.

Body Protection: Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

SECTION 8 **EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION CONTINUED**

Respiratory Protection (Non-Emergency): Respiratory Protection is not required for product use. For manufacturing of product where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of Environmental Exposure: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 9 **PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance:	Clear, thin viscous creamy emulsion
Odor:	Slightly Pungent
Odor Threshold:	no data available
pH (1% solution):	3.0-4.0
Melting Range(°F):	59-91
Boiling Point and Boiling Range:	212-217°F (100-103°C)
Freezing Point:	9-21°F (-13 - -6°C)
Flash Point:	not applicable
Evaporation Rate:	>1 BuAc=1
Flammability (solid, gas):	no data available
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits:	no data available
Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	28.00 mmHg (86°F (30°C))
Vapor Density:	no data available
Specific Gravity (water = 1):	1.07-1.13
Water Solubility (g/L):	Miscible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	no data available
Auto-ignition Temperature:	no data available
Decomposition Temperature:	no data available
Viscosity:	no data available
Explosive Properties:	no data available
Volatile Component (%vol):	100
Oxidizing Properties:	no data available
Molecular Weight:	34.01 g/mol

SECTION 10 **STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage condition.

Conditions Contributing To Instability: Avoid any contamination of this material as it is very reactive and any contamination is potentially hazardous. Presence of heat source and direct sunlight. Solutions of hydrogen peroxide decompose slowly releasing oxygen. Heat or contaminants will accelerate decomposition. Containers may be pressurized. Hydrogen peroxide is decomposed by alkalis and even ordinary dust or rust.

Storage Incompatibility: Rotate all stock to prevent ageing. Use on FIFO (First In-First Out) basis. Avoid any contamination of this material as it is very reactive and any contamination is potentially hazardous. Segregate from combustible materials, particularly finely divided combustible materials and reducing agents.

Incompatible Materials: Zinc, Powdered metals, Iron, Copper, Nickel, Brass, Iron and iron salts.

SECTION 11 **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Acute Toxicity

- Oral: No deaths occurred. (Rat) LD₀ > 5,000 mg/kg. (10 %) (as aqueous solution)
- Dermal: May be harmful in contact with skin. (rat and rabbit) LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg. (35 %) (as aqueous solution)
- Inhalation: No deaths occurred. (Rat) 4 h LD₀ > 0.17 mg/l. (50 %) (saturated vapor)

Skin Irritation: Not irritating. (Rabbit) (3 - 10 %) (aqueous solution)

Eye Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. (Rabbit) (10 %) (aqueous solution)
Causes serious eye irritation. (Rabbit) (8 %) (aqueous solution)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: May cause respiratory irritation.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

- Repeated drinking water administration to rat and mouse / affected organ(s): Gastro-intestinal tract / signs: irritation
- Repeated inhalation administration to Rat / affected organ(s): nose / signs: irritation

Carcinogenicity: Chronic drinking water administration to rat and mouse/affected organ(s): Gastro-intestinal tract/signs: Increased incidence of tumors was reported. Classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as: Group 3: Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

Genotoxicity: Assessment in Vitro: Genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, animal cells
Assessment in Vivo: Genetic changes were observed in a laboratory test using: mice, rats

Human Experience:

- Inhalation:** Throat: irritation. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)
- Skin contact:** Skin: bleaching of hair. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)
- Eye contact:** Eye: irritating. (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)
- Ingestion:**
 - Gastrointestinal tract: bloating, ulceration, burns. (accidental exposure to concentrated solutions)
 - Lung: accumulation of fluid in the lungs, death. (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure)

SECTION 12 **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Chemical Fate and Pathway

- Biodegradation:** Readily biodegradable. (0.02 d) biodegradation 99 %
- Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:** log Pow = -1.57 (calculated)

Ecotoxicology

- Aquatic toxicity data:** Harmful. Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 96 h LC₅₀ = 16.4 mg/l
- Aquatic invertebrates:** Toxic. Daphnia pulex (Water flea) 48 h EC₅₀ = 2.4 mg/l
- Algae:** Toxic. Skeletonema costatum 72 h ErC₅₀ = 1.38 mg/l
- Microorganisms:** Activated sludge 0.5 h EC₅₀ = 466 mg/l
Activated sludge 3 h EC₅₀ > 1,000 mg/l
- Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:** Harmful. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 21 d NOEC (reproduction) = 0.63 mg/l

SECTION 13 **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Containers: Containers should be completely closed and of sturdy construction. Packaging materials should not include incompatible materials noted in Section 10. Plastic packaging is recommended.

Waste Disposal Method: Low volume developer products are non-hazardous materials when intended for disposal. Although dilute (<8%) hydrogen peroxide solutions are not regulated as hazardous wastes under RCRA, physical and/or chemical deactivation/degradation of the peroxide solution is the recommended method of treatment and disposal for these products.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS: Not Regulated

Follow all local governmental requirements intended for disposal.

SECTION 14 **TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT: Not regulated

TDG: Not regulated

IMDG: Not regulated

IATA: Not regulated

SECTION 15 **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

ARA 302 Components: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1993-04-24

SARA 313 Components: SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards: Reactivity Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components:	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1993-04-24

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components:	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1993-04-24

New Jersey Right To Know Components:	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1993-04-24

California Prop. 65 Components: This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16 **OTHER INFORMATION**

No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchant ability, fitness for a particular purpose or any other nature are made hereunder with respect to information or the product to which information refers.

Date: 10/19/2018
Phoenix Products Company